59 plant species in **IUCN threat categories**

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vibrant" and the Threatened wildlife is not just about tigers but numerous plants too. Recently, scientists identified the threat status of 59 Indian plant species based on criteria used by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN), in the hope that this "streamlines" conservation efforts for the plants. Great Nicobar Island).

for their conservation. For S.K. Barik, Director of declines in the wild too. Lucknow's CSIR-National **Botanical** Research Institute.

To bridge this gap, Dr. Barik and experts from several institutes prioritized 59 plant species that are at risk of "elimination" if the threat levels they face are not assessed soon. They assigned each species threat status based IUCN criteria.

This included the extent and area of each plant's geographical range, which revealed that 10 species are critically endangered, 18 endangered, six vulnerable, five near threatened and one species each are dadeficient and least concern.

The threat levels of some plants have been altered as a result; for instance the palm Bentinckia nicobarica is currently listed as endangered; however the new study suggests it is critically endangered based on its distributional attributes (the palm is reported only from the

Quantifying threat levels Based on population sizof species can be crucial es and numbers of mature individuals remaining in the instance, funding agencies wild (using field surveys that often consider the threat also revealed that habitat status of species provided V loss was a huge factor affectin IUCN's Red List (a cata- ing many declining plant logue of the world's threa-populations), the team clastened species), to sponsor sified 10 species as critically research and conservation endangered, three as enactivities to save them. dangered and five as vulner-Around 2,700 plant species able. Germination tests in in India are at risk but very the laboratory also suggest few have been assessed by that factors such as low seed the IUCN, according to Dr. viability could have caused

The study initiated in 2012 to assign threat status to select plants, is published in Current Science. The study also generated data on 38 species that have never been assessed by the IUCN.

"We hope IUCN will take this assessment into account while updating their Red List," said lead author Dr. Barik.

"Yes, IUCN will take into consideration this blished information when these species do come up for assessment," confirmed Dr. N.M. Ishwar, programme coordinator of IUCN-India, by email.