Research Articles

PCT-13 AND PCT-14 TWO HIGH YIELDING – VARIETIES OF TURMERIC*

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ABSTRACT

Ten high yielding turmeric selections were identified based on preliminary evaluation. These 10 selections were subjected to comparative yield trials at two locations. PCT-13 and PCT-14 were identified as superior lines. PCT-14 is found to be better in quality and has 7.9% curcumin.

INTRODUCTION

Turmeric is one of the most important spice crops in India. It is widely used as a condiment in culinary preparations, as a colouring agent in textiles, food and confectionery and as a cosmetic in toilet soaps and face creams. A field experiment was conducted at the National Research Centre for Spices (NRCS), Calicut, to identify high yielding and high quality varieties of turmeric suited to the growing demands of both farmers and traders.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

One hundred accessions of turmeric cultivars collected from various parts of the country were subjected to preliminary yield evaluation for three years and 10 high yielding lines selected. These 10 selections, named PCT-10 to PCT-19, were tested for their comparative yield performance for

three years at two locations viz., NRCS Farm and Regional Agricultural Research Station, Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University, Jagtial, Andhra Pradesh.

The selected lines were compared with the local cultivars and two other high yielding selections PCT-2 and PCT-5 in one 3 m² plot replicated four times in a Randomized Block Design. These varieties were also analysed for the dry recovery, curcumin, oleoresin and essential oil contents as per the standard procedures.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The yield data of the 10 selections and the controls are given in Tables I, II, III, and IV. At Calicut, PCT-14 is the best yielder as it gave a mean yield of 19.83 kg of fresh rhizomes per 3m² bed followed by PCT-13 with 19.62 kg/bed. PCT-13 performed better than other PCT selections and

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Table I. Yield data of elite turmeric selections at NRCS, Calicut

PCT No. Name of the cultivar		Me	Mean yield Kg./bed		Total	Mean
		1986–87	1987–88	1988-89		
PCT 10	Teliamura,	19.65	23.90	13.35	56.90	18.97
	Agarthala	14.82	16.10	11.38	42.30	14.10
PCT 11 PCT 12	Anchal Barhola	13.52	19.30	10.74	43.56	14.52
	Jorhat GL Puram-2	22.72	25.70	10.43	58.85	19.62
PCT 13 PCT 14	Singhat	21.90	24.10	13.50	59.50	19.83
PCT 15	Manipur Amkara,	14.02	24.50	10.95	49.47	16.49
PCT 16	Tripura	16.89	20.40	10.92	48.21	16.07
	Assam	14.48	18.70	10.45	43.63	14.54
PCT 17		14.48	12.80	11.75	39.44	13.15
PCT 18		12.25	20.60	11.32	44.17	14.72
G to -10						10.72
Controls PCT 2	Moovattupuzha	11.24	13.90	7.04	32.18	10.73
PCT 5		14.35	20.60	11.95	46.90	15.63
Local	Joinar	14.25	13.90	5.40	33.55	11.18
C. D. at	5%	2.76	5.13	2.34		3.26

controls in 2 of the 3 years tested while PCT-14 performed better than other PCT selections and controls in all the years tested. At Jagtial, PCT-13 recorded the highest mean yield of 9.5 kg/bed closely followed by PCT-14 with 8.84 kg/bed among the PCT selections, and two controls viz., PCT-2 and PCT-5. These two varieties with 190 days of crop duration (short) have compared well with a long duration variety Armoor (255 days), which has recorded a mean yield of 13.71 kg/bed at Jagtial. The results of the pooled analysis are given in Tables III and IV. There were significant differences between the mean yields of selections, locations, years and their interactions. However, based on the consistancy of performance over the years and

the cumulative mean, these two selections are superior to other PCT selections.

Based on the combined yield data, PCT-13 has given a mean of 14.56 kg of fresh rhizome/bed, giving an estimated yield of 29 tonnes/ha. PCT-14 has given a mean yield of 14.34 kg/bed, with an estimated yield of 28.82 tonnes/ha in comparison to controls PCT-2, PCT-5 and locals which recorded estimated yields of 18.3, 21.0 and 25.02 tonnes/ha, respectively. The yield potential was estimated based on the highest (fresh rhizomes) yield recorded per bed in any location. Based on this estimation PCT-13 gave an yield potential of 60.3 tonnes/ha while PCT-14 gave an yield potential of 54.87 t/ha (Table III.)

Table II. Yield data of elite turmeric selections at RARS, Jagtial

PCT No.	Name of the	Yield (kg./bed)			Total	Mean
Lip	cultivar	1986–87	1987–88	1988–89		
PCT 10	Teliamura, Agarthala	6.10	6.63	8.35	21.08	7.03
PCT 11	Anchal	5.92	4.03	5.96	15.91	5.30
PCT 12	Barhola Jorhat	6.08	4.33	5.60	16.02	5.34
PCT 13*	GL Puram-2	8.62	8.20	11.67	28.50	9.50
PCT 14*	Singhat, Manipur	7.92	8.10	10.50	26.52	8.84
PCT 15	Amkara Tripura	5.85	2.46	5.35	13.66	4.55
PCT 16	Naogong, Assam	6.55	5.00	5.73	17.28	5.76
PCT 17	Along	5.30	3.79	5.55	14.64	4.88
PCT 18	Barpather	5.59	3.57	5.50	14.66	4.89
PCT 19	Hajo Guwahati	6.01	3.79	5.70	15.50	5.17
Controls						
PCT 2	Moovattupuzha	11.76	5.32	5.37	22.45	7.48
PCT 5	Jorhat	6.10	4.36	5.31	15.77	5.26
Local**	Armoor	17.54	14.00	9.50	41.14	13.71
C. D. at 59	%	1.54	1.32	1.23		0.77

Crop duration — PCT 13 & 14 = 190 days (short duration)

Quality analysis of these selections was and PCT-14 are given in Table VI. These done (Ratnambal, 1986) as per the standard methods (ASTA 1968) and the details are given in Table V (Ratnambal, 1986). PCT-14 is found to be the best qualitatively with 7.9% curcumin, 15% oleoresin, 7% oil and 20.4% dry recovery. PCT-13 is moderately good with 4.9% curcumin, 13.5% oleoresin, 6.0% oil and 20.6% dry recovery.

The morphological characters of PCT-13

two varieties have thick and plumpy rhizomes with a bright orange inner core. The rhizomes are very attractive and hence highly preferred by farmers, although these rhizomes shrivel sometimes after curing.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The authors wish to express their gratitude to Dr. A. Gopalam and Dr. T. John Zachariah for helping in quality analysis

Armoor = 255 days (long duration)

Table III. Analysis of yield of turmeric in the multilocation trial

Selections	Mean plot	Mean yield in Kg/3 m³ plot (fresh rhizomes)			Projected yield poten- tial in tonnes	
tested	Calicut	Jagtial	Grand Mean	(average) @ 2010 beds/ha	ha (max. in one location)	
ncm 10	18.97	7.03	13.00	26.13	53.46	
PCT 10	14.10	5.30	9.70	19.50	37.79	
PCT 11	14.52	5.34	9.93	19.96	41.81	
PCT 12	19.62	9.50	14.56	29.26	60.30	
PCT 13*	19.83	8.84	14.34	28.82	54.87	
PCT 14*	16.49	4.55	10.52	21.15	57.68	
PCT 15	16.07	5.76	10.92	21.95	47.23	
PCT 16	14.54	4.88	9.71	19.52	51.85	
PCT 17	13.15	4.89	9.02	18.13	29.55	
PCT 18 PCT 19	14.72	5.17	9.95	19.99	44.22	
Controls				10.21	40.20	
PCT 2	10.73	7.48	9.11	18.31	40.20	
PCT 5	15.63	5.26	10.45	21.00	50.25	
Local**	11.18	13.71	12.45	25.02	39.37	

^{*} PCT 13, PCT 14 : Crop duration — 190 days

Table IV. Analysis of variance for yield of fresh rhizome (Kg./3 sq.m)

	13.7	DF	SS	MS	F	
	SV		38.05	12.68	3.1	.*
Replication	(R)	3		142.10	34.5	**
Treatment	(T)	77	10941.48		100.7	**
Year	(Y)	2	827.35	413.68		**
Location	(L)	1	5747.48	5747.48	1398.9	
		12	1043.57	86.96	21.2	**
Varieties	(V)		1349.91	674.95	164.3	**
YxL		2	-	14.98	3.6	**
YxV		24	359.68		23.2	**
LxV		12	1145.09	95.42		**
YxLxV		24	468.39	19.52	4.7	. 410
		231	949.10	4.11		1000
Error		231				

Table V. Quality parameters in turmeric selections*

High yielding varieties of turmeric

Selections	Quality parameters (%)					
tested	Curcumin	Oleoresin	Oil	Dry recovery **		
PCT 10	5.5	13.0	7.0	20.4		
PCT 11	5.4	12.4	5.0	25.8		
PCT 12	5.3	13.3	7.0	25.8		
PCT 13	4.9	13.5	6.0	20.4		
PCT 14	7.9	15.0	7.0	20.6		
PCT 15	5.6	12.7	8.0	25.2		
PCT 16	4.0	12.0	5.0	25.3		
PCT 17	6.6	13.0	5.0	25.8		
PCT 18	4.3	12.0	3.0	26.1		
PCT 19	5.5	13.0	7.5	25.0		
Armoor	3.5	12.8	9.0	20.4		

^{*} Ratnambal (1986)

Table VI. Morphological characters of PCT 13 and PCT 14

forphological characters	PC	T 13	PCT 14		
OTS .	Mean	Range	Mean	Range	
Plant height (cm)	107	92–114	136	122–151	
Number of tillers	0.87	0-3	0.94	0-3	
Number of leaves	6.73	5–9	7.38	5-8	
Length of leaf (cm)	46.00	35-54	37.44	14-51	
Breadth of leaf (cm)	12.25	8-15	12.09	8–15	
No. of mother rhizomes	1.80	1-3	1.80	1-3	
Length of mother rhizomes (cm)	5.2	4.2-7.1	5.3	4.4-7.3	
Breadth of mother rhizomes (cm)	2.5	2.0-3.8	3.2	2.5-4.0	
Internodal distance of mother rhizome (cm)	0.5	0.4-1.0	0.6	0.4–1.1	
No. of primary fingers	9.3	4–17	10.13	3–16	
Length of primary fingers (cm)	8.6	6–10	8.8	7.5–10.5	
Breadth of primary fingers (cm)	2.0	1.8-2.5	2.2	2-2.5	
				continued	

^{**} Local Armoor : Crop duration — 225 days

CV = 18.3% ** = Significant at 1% level, * = Significant at 5% level.

^{**} Recorded in Andhra Pradesh

	PCT 13		PC	PCT 14		
Morphological characters		Range	Mean	Range		
Internodal distance of primaries (cm) 2.0	1-2.5	2.0	1.5-2.4		
No. of secondary fingers	26.37	12–38	20.13	6–32		
Length of secondary fingers (cm)	5.1	2-6.4	5.0	3.9-6.3		
Breadth of secondary fingers (cm)	1.9	1.7-2.5	2.0	1.6-2.3		
No. of tertiary fingers	2.06	0-8	2.93	0–8		
Colour of the rhizomes	Orange		Orange			
Weight of rhizomes per clump (mea	n) 529.39g		565.33g			
Fresh weight (g) max.	845.00g	G_{-s}	900.00g			
Rhizome yield-fresh weight (kg.)	14.56kg		14.34kg			
per 3m² bed	30kg		27.3kg 28.823 tonne			
Rhizome yield per ha (Mean) (Fresh rhizomes)	29.266 ton	nes				
Yield potential (Fresh rhizomes)	60.3 tonne	s	54.8 tonnes	,		
Quality parameters	4.004		7.9%			
Curcumin	4.9%	Section 1	15.0%			
Oleoresin	13.5% 6.0%		7.0%			
Oil 10 10 10 10 20	0.0%		20.6-25.3%			
Dry recovery 20 Crop duration	190 days		190 days	82		

and Mr. Jose Abraham for helping in statistical analysis and Mr. V. P. Sankaran, Technical Assistant, for his untiring help rendered in carrying out the field trials. The authors are thankful to the Associate Director of Research, RARS, Jagtial for helping in conduct of the multilocation trials.

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